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| KHOA NGOẠI NGỮ  **BM.01-QT.KTDBL.01**  **01/01/14-REV:0**  **BM TIẾNG ANH ĐẠI CƯƠNG** | **ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP**  HỆ ĐẠI HỌC CHÍNH QUY  *(Dành cho sinh viên tất cả các ngành)*  Kỳ: 2 Năm: 2019-2020 | ISO 9001-2008 |
| Học phần: Anh văn cơ bản 1 (25101) | P.Trưởng bộ môn  *(Ký, ghi rõ họ tên)*  Chữ ký chị Thúy  Vũ Thị Thúy |

**I. Listening:**

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**II. Từ vựng, ngữ pháp:**

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|  | President Nixon left the White House \_\_\_\_\_ August 9th, 1974.  A. at  B. on  C. in  D. of |
|  | You don’t need an umbrella. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  A. isn’t raining  B. doesn’t rain  B. rains  D. is raining |
|  | When I took the photo, you \_\_\_\_\_\_ at me.  A. didn’t look  B. don’t look  C. weren’t looking  D. wasn’t looking |
|  | \_\_\_\_\_ she tried to stop, she hit the man.  A. So  B. But  C. Because  D. Although |
|  | \_\_\_\_\_ of their books do you like best?  A. Which  B. Who  C. When  D. Where |
|  | Who \_\_\_\_\_ that song?  A. did write  B. wrote  C. write  D. did wrote |
|  | There’s someone knocking \_\_\_\_\_ the door.  A. to  B. on  C. of  D. in |
|  | I’m sure they \_\_\_\_\_ the game.  A. lose  B. are losing  C. are going to lose  D. will lose |
|  | “Would you like a coffee?” “No, thanks. I \_\_\_\_\_ four cups today.”  A. had  B. have  C. have had  D. will have |
|  | She’s very \_\_\_\_\_. She pays for everything.  A. extrovert  B. generous  C. serious  D. friendly |
|  | I’m \_\_\_\_\_\_ my driving test tomorrow.  A. doing  B. taking  C. making  D. getting |
|  | The traffic is \_\_\_\_\_ than it was an hour ago.  A. badder  B. worse  C. worst  D. more bad |
|  | He is a dishonest person. He always \_\_\_\_\_ his promises.  A. makes  B. keeps  C. breaks  D. does |
|  | This is the church \_\_\_\_\_ we got married.  A. who  B. which  C. that  D. where |
|  | I quite like reading books. My favourite \_\_\_\_\_ is Stephanie Meyer.  A. singer  B. writer  C. actor  D. player |
|  | While my mother \_\_\_\_\_, my father was watching TV.  A. cooked  B. cooks  C. was cooking  D. has cooked |
|  | She has been practiced for weeks. She \_\_\_\_\_\_ a competition.  A. is going to take part in  B. will take part in  C. takes part in  D. took part in |
|  | “Could you look \_\_\_\_\_ our dog this weekend? We want to go away.”  A. after  B. at  C. for  D. forward to |
|  | I always dream \_\_\_\_\_\_ becoming a famous film star one day.  A. at  B. about  C. of  D. through |
|  | We \_\_\_\_\_\_ to that place twice.  A. went  B. go  C. have gone  D. have been |
|  | You don’t need sunglasses. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  A. is getting dark  B. gets dark  B. isn’t getting dark  D. get dark |
|  | They wanted to dance, \_\_\_\_ they didn’t like the music.  A. so  B. but  C. because  D. although |
|  | She is patiently waiting \_\_\_\_ her boyfriend.  A. to  B. for  C. of  D. at |
|  | It’s very late. They probably \_\_\_\_ now.  A. will come  B. come  C. aren’t going to come  D. won’t come |
|  | She’s very \_\_\_\_\_. She talks too much.  A. extrovert  B. talkative  C. serious  D. friendly |
|  | She‘s going to Peru next month. She’s really looking \_\_\_\_\_ it.  A. forward to  B. at  C. for  D. after |
|  | Sit \_\_\_\_\_ and open your books.  A. up  B. on  C. down  D. off |
|  | You haven’t done the washing up \_\_\_\_\_ .  A. already  B. just  C. yet  D. recently |
|  | What’s the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ city you’ve ever seen?  A. beautiful  B. more beautiful  C. most beautiful  D. beautifulest |
|  | Just stay here tonight. I’ll \_\_\_\_\_ your bed.  A. do  B. put  C. clean  D. make |

**III. Đọc hiểu:**

**Đọc và trả lời câu hỏi về nội dung đọc hiểu. Chọn A, B, C hoặc D cho câu trả lời đúng.**

**Bài đọc 1:**

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| Have you ever been to a Zara store?You probably have because it’s one of the fastest-growing chains in the world. The person behind Zara is Amancio Ortega. He is the richest man in Spain, but very few people know his face. There are only two official photographs of him, and he rarely gives interviews. Although he is a multimillionaire businessman, he doesn’t look like one – he doesn’t like wearing suits or ties, and prefers to wear jeans and a shirt.  When he was young he worked as a shop assistant in a clothes store, but he always dreamed of having his own business. In 1963 he started a small company which made women’s pyjamas. In 1975, at the age of 40, he opened his first clothes shop in La Coruna, a small city in north-west Spain, and named it Zara. Now you can find Zara shops all over the world, from New York to Moscow to Singapore. So why is Zara so successful?  The main reason is that Zara reacts incredibly quickly to the latest designer fashions, and produces clothes which are fashionable but inexpensive. Zara can make a new line of clothes in three weeks. Other companies normally take about nine months. The clothes also change from week to week – so customers keep coming back to see what’s new. It produces 20,000 new designs a year – and none of them stay in the shops for more than a month.  So if you’ve seen a new jacket or skirt you like in a Zara store, hurry up and buy it, because it won’t be there for long. |

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|  | What is the main idea of the article? A. The fashion style of Amencio Ortega B. The development of a fashion chain C. The richest man in Spain  D. The designers of Zara |
|  | What is special about Amencio Ortega? A. There are a lot of photos of him. B. He gives many interviews. C. He loves wearing suits and ties. D. He likes jeans and shirts. |
|  | Where did he open the first Zara store? A. In La Coruna B. In New York C. In Moscow D. In Singapore |
|  | What makes Zara successful? A. Its owner is a multimillionaire. B. It produces expensive clothes. C. It updates the designs quickly. D. Its produces new styles in nine months. |
|  | Which of the following is **NOT** true? A. The owner of Zara is a wealthy man. B. Amencio Ortega used to be a shop assistant. C. Customers keep coming back to change clothes. D. New designs often stay for a short time in Zara shops. |

**Bài đọc 2:**

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| Last week we asked you to tell us about a vacation when the destination was perfect but, for some reason, the time wasn’t right. Here are some of your replies.  Tim, 20, student from San Antonio, Texas: “When I was a teenager, I went on vacation with my parents to the Gulf Coast in Texas. My parents rented a fabulous house on the beach, and the weather was great. But I was 17, and I didn’t want to be on vacation with my mom and dad and my little brother. I wanted to be with my friends. We went to the beach every day and sunbathed, and we went to a fantastic seafood restaurant for my birthday. But I was miserable and hated every minute of it. I didn’t smile once in two weeks. What really made me furious was that my parents let my older sister, who was 19, go to Mexico with her friends.”  Gabriela, 28, marketing manager from Rome, Italy: “I’m from Rome, and the summer here is really hot. So last year my husband and I decided to go to Sweden, to escape from the heat. We booked a 10-day vacation in Stockholm, where the temperature in the summer is normally about 20 degrees centigrade. But when we got to Stockholm, there was a heat wave, and it was 35 degrees centigrade every day. It was awful because there was no air-conditioning anywhere. We couldn’t sleep at night – it was boiling in the hotel, and in the stores and museums, too. We didn’t want to go shopping or go sightseeing to do anything. We were too hot. We just sat in cafes and argued all day. We didn’t need to go to Sweden to do that!” |

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|  | Why didn’t Tim like his vacation?  A. Because he wanted to go somewhere hot. B. Because he didn’t have great food. C. Because he wanted to be with different people. D. Because he had trouble sleeping. |
|  | Which of the following things Tim didn’t do on the vacation? A. Eating seafood B. Going to the beach C. Sunbathing D. Smiling |
|  | Why did Gabriela go to Sweden? A. Because the summer is hot in Sweden. B. Because she wanted to go somewhere cool. C. Because there was a heat wave. D. Because there was no air-conditioning in Rome. |
|  | What did Gabriela do on the vacation? A. She went shopping. B. She went sightseeing. C. She argued with her husband. D. She bought an air conditioner. |
|  | The word “boiling” is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_. A. extremely hot B. cooking C. freezing D. cold |

**Bài đọc 3:**

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| When you’re travelling by plane or train, there are some passengers you just don’t want to have next to you.  **Small children** Perhaps you normally like them, but when you are sitting next to them on a plane, it’s a different thing. They usually spend all the flight moving around and dropping their toys on the floor, and when they’re drinking their orange juice, it ends up on your trousers. Then they decide they want to play with you, so you can’t have the little siesta that you were planning.  **Conversation makers** You recognize this type as soon as you sit down. They immediately start talking about the plane, or the weather, or they ask you a personal question. It’s very difficult not to talk to these people, and you’ll probably have to continue talking until the plane lands.  **Nervous fliers** These are the people with white faces who sit down and immediately ask for a double whisky. Every five minutes they call a flight attendant to ask if there are any problems with the plane. They also tell you about air disasters. The best thing to do is to buy them a few drinks or pretend to sleep.  **Space invaders** These people are not necessarily very big, but they have a terrible habit of taking up all their room, and some of your room too. They usually sit so that you can’t move, with their arms and legs in your space. They also have a lot of hand luggage which takes up all the room in the overhead locker. |

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|  | What is the main idea of the article?  A. How to escape from boring conversationalists B. Ways to make new friends on a flight C. People you do not want to be with when flying D. What children do when they travel by plane |
|  | What do small children often do on a plane? A. Buy a lot of toys B. Ask personal questions C. Buy a drink D. Disturb your nap |
|  | How long will you probably have to talk to a conversation maker? A. For five minutes B. The whole flight C. Till you pretend to sleep D. Until they decide to sleep |
|  | What do nervous fliers do every five minutes? A. Buy some drink B. Tell an air disaster C. Call a flight attendant D. Move around |
|  | Which of the following is not true about space invaders? A. They have long arms and legs. B. They take up your room. C. They have lots of luggage. D. They sit so that you can’t move. |

**Bài đọc 4:**

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| Two British climbers were rescued yesterday after sending an SOS text message to a friend in London.  Rachel Kelsey, 34, and her partner, Jemery Colenso, 33, who are both experienced climbers, were on a climbing holiday last week in Switzerland. But on Saturday night, when they were 3,000 meters up in the mountains, there was a terrible storm. The wind was incredibly strong and the snow was two meters deep. They couldn’t move and they had to spend the night on the mountain. Rachel had her mobile phone with her, so she sent a text message to five friends in the UK asking for help.  About four hours later, one of her friends, Avery Cunlife in London, replied with a text message. Avery said, “I don’t usually have my mobile in my bedroom. At about 4 a.m. I woke up and saw Rachel’s message. I found the number of the police in Switzerland and phoned them. They contacted the mountain rescue team.”  But the weather was so bad that the helicopter couldn’t get to the two climbers. The rescue team sent a text message to Rachel and Jeremy telling them that they had to spend a second night on the mountain. The message said: “So sorry Rachel. We tried. Wind too strong. Have to wait till morning. Take care. Be strong.” Rachel said, “I thought we were going to die. It was freezing, -15 degrees Celsius, and really windy on the mountain. We spent the night talking and planning a holiday in the sun!”  Next morning the storm passed and the helicopter arrived to take them off the mountain. Avery said, “When I heard that Rachel and Jeremy were safe, I was dancing around my flat.” Rachel said that she and Jeremy were now looking forward to a hot bath and a good meal. But first they were going to buy the rescue team a bottle of whisky! |

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|  | What is the main idea of the article? A. Rachel’s friends B. Advice for mountain climbers C. A Switzerland rescue team D. Two rescued climbers |
|  | Why couldn’t Rachel and Jeremy go down the mountain? A. They were on holiday. B. They were asleep. C. They had bad weather. D. They were experienced climbers. |
|  | Who did Avery call? A. The police B. The mountain rescue team C. Jeremy Colenso D. Rachel’s other four friends |
|  | How many nights did Rachel and Jeremy spend on the mountain?  A. 1  B. 2  C. 3  D. 4 |
|  | What did Rachel and Jeremy want to do first?  A. Have a good meal  B. Have a hot bath  C. Dance around their flat  D. Buy a gift |

**Bài đọc 5:**

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| Imagine, John Lennon’s most famous song, was recently voted “British’s favorite song of all time.” It is an idealistic song about peace and the people and the hope for a better world. “Imagine all the people living life in peace.” The song was a big hit in 1971, and again in 1980 after Lennon was murdered in New York. It became a hit for a third time after the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001.  But who really wrote the song? Until recently the answer to this question was always John Lennon. But on a TV program this week, Lennon’s wife, Yoko Ono, spoke for the first time about how she, in fact, helped write the song.  Ono said that the idea and inspiration for Imagine came from some of the poems that John Lennon was reading at that time. The poems began with the word imagine: “Imagine a raindrop, imagine a goldfish.” Ono said, “When I was a child in Japan during the Second World War, my brother and I were terribly hungry. I imagined delicious menus for him, and he began to smile. If you think something is impossible, you can imagine it and make it happen.”  In an interview just before he died, Lennon admitted that Yoko deserved credit for Imagine. He said, “A lot of it – the lyrics and the concept – came from her, from her book of poems, imagine this, imagine that.” Lennon said he was “too macho” to share the credit with her at the time.  Ono said that part of the song was written when they were flying across the Atlantic, and the rest was written on the piano in their bedroom at their home in England. Ono said, “The song speaks about John’s dream for the world. It was something he really wanted to say.” Imagine became a popular song for peace activists everywhere.  In March 2002 the airport in his home town of Liverpool was renamed John Lennon Airport. A sign above the main entrance has a line from Imagine: “Above us only sky.” |

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|  | How many times was *Imagine* a hit? A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four |
|  | Who helped Lennon write *Imagine*? A. His brother  B. His wife’s brother C. His wife D. A journalist |
|  | Why did Ono write poems with the word *imagine*? A. To help her brother B. To become famous C. To appear on TV D. To help her husband |
|  | When did Lennon share the credit with Yoko?  A. When he was flying across the Atlantic  B. Just before he died  C. During the Second World War  D. On a TV program |
|  | Which of the following is NOT TRUE?  A. Liverpool Airport was renamed John Lennon Airport.  B. John Lennon read Ono’s poems.  C. *Imagine* was written in two places.  D. John Lennon opened the new Liverpool Airport. |

**III. Viết: Sắp xếp các từ, cụm từ thành câu hoàn chỉnh:**

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|  | *My / bad / remembering / mother / is / at / names→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* |
|  | *decided / go / party / We / to / the / to .→ .* |
|  | *out of / He / passport / his / took / his jacket .→ .* |
|  | *12 hours / a / shouldn’t / You / work / day / .→ .* |
|  | *We / the / if / buy / is / bigger / will / house / it .→ .* |
|  | *lived / How long / in / your / this / parents / have / house / ? / → .* |
|  | *slim / He / be / use to / didn’t /.→ .* |
|  | *1889 / The / was / Eiffel Tower / in / built.→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* |
|  | *I / enough / don’t / water / drink .→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* |
|  | *Did / ? / go / last night / you / exciting / anywhere →\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* |